

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
AFFILIATED INSTITUTIONS
R - 2009
CURRICULUM I SEMESTER (FULL TIME)
M.E. ENGINEERING DESIGN
SEMESTER I

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	L	T	P	C
THEORY					
MA 9214	Applied Mathematics for Engineering Design	3	1	0	4
ED 9211	Concepts of Engineering Design	3	0	0	3
CD 9211	Computer Applications in Design	3	0	2	4
PD 9211	Quality Concepts in Design	3	0	0	3
E1	Elective I	3	0	0	3
E2	Elective II	3	0	0	3
PRACTICAL					
ED 9212	CAD Lab	0	0	2	1
	TOTAL	18	1	4	21

LIST OF ELECTIVES FOR M.E. ENGINEERING DESIGN

COURSE CODE	<u>COURSE TITLE</u>	L	T	P	C
ED 9250	Optimization Techniques In Design	3	0	0	3
ED 9251	Engineering Fracture Mechanics	3	0	0	3
ED 9252	Tribology in Design	3	0	0	3
ED 9253	Advanced Mechanics of Materials	3	0	0	3
ED 9254	Composite Materials and Mechanics	3	0	0	3
ED 9255	Applied Engineering Acoustics	3	0	0	3
ED 9256	Advanced Tool Design	3	0	0	3
ED 9257	Productivity Management and Re-Engineering	3	0	0	3
ED 9258	Industrial Robotics and Expert systems	3	0	0	3
ED 9259	Design of Material Handling Equipments	3	0	0	3
ED 9260	Plasticity and Metal Forming	3	0	0	3
ED 9261	Theory of Plates and Shells	3	0	0	3
ED 9262	Design of Pressure Vessel and Piping	3	0	0	3
ED 9263	Modal Analysis of Mechanical Systems	3	0	0	3
ED 9264	Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems	3	0	0	3
ED 9265	Experimental Stress Analysis	3	0	0	3
ED 9266	Maintenance Engineering	3	0	0	3
ED 9267	Bearing Design and Rotor Dynamics	3	0	0	3
ED 9268	Mini Project	3	0	0	3
PD 9250	Design Paradigm	3	0	0	3
PD 9251	Micro Electro Mechanical Systems	3	0	0	3
PD 9252	Creativity in Design	3	0	0	3
PD 9253	Reverse Engineering	3	0	0	3
PD 9254	Enterprise Resource Planning	3	0	0	3
IE 9224	Supply Chain Management	3	0	0	3
IC 9262	Computational Fluid Dynamics	3	0	0	3
CC 9221	Design for Manufacture Assembly & Environments	3	0	0	3
CC 9222	Integrated Manufacturing Systems	3	0	0	3
EY 9256	Design of Heat Exchangers	3	0	0	3
ED 9271	Rapid Prototyping and Tooling	3	0	0	3
CI 9222	Mechatronics in Manufacturing	3	0	0	3

UNIT I DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS 9

Importance of design- The design process-Considerations of Good Design – Morphology of Design –Organization for design– Computer Aided Engineering – Designing to codes and standards – Concurrent Engineering – Product and process cycles – Technological Forecasting – Market Identification – Competition Benchmarking.

UNIT II CUSTOMER ORIENTED DESIGN & SOCIETAL CONSIDERATIONS 9

Identification of customer needs- customer requirements- Quality Function Deployment- Product Design Specifications- Human Factors in Design – Ergonomics and Aesthetics.Societal consideration - Contracts – Product liability – Protecting intellectual property – Legal and ethical domains – Codes of ethics – Ethical conflicts – Environment responsible design-future trends in interaction of engineering with society.

UNIT III DESIGN METHODS 9

Creativity and Problem Solving –Creativity methods-Theory of Inventive Problem Solving(TRIZ)– Conceptual decomposition-Generating design concepts-Axiomatic Design – Evaluation methods-Embodiment Design-Product Architecture-Configuration Design- Parametric Design. Role of models in design-Mathematical Modeling – Simulation – Geometric Modeling –Rapid prototyping- Finite Element Analysis– Optimization – Search Methods.

UNIT IV MATERIAL SELECTION PROCESSING AND DESIGN 9

Material Selection Process – Economics – Cost Vs Performance – Weighted property Index – Value Analysis – Role of Processing in Design – Classification of Manufacturing Process – Design for Manufacture – Design for Assembly –Designing for castings, Forging, Metal Forming, Machining and Welding – Residual Stresses – Fatigue, Fracture and Failure.

UNIT V PROBABILITY CONCEPTS IN DESIGN FOR RELIABILITY 9

Probability – Distributions – Test of Hypothesis – Design of Experiments – Reliability Theory – Design for Reliability – Reliability centered Maintenance-Robust Design-Failure mode Effect Analysis.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Dieter, George E., "Engineering Design - A Materials and Processing Approach", McGraw Hill, International Editions, Singapore, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. Pahl, G, and Beitz, W., "Engineering Design", Springer – Verlag, NY. 1984.
2. Ray, M.S., "Elements of Engg. Design", Prentice Hall Inc. 1985.
3. Suh, N.P., "The principles of Design", Oxford University Press, NY.1990.
Karl T. Ulrich and Steven D. Eppinger "Product Design and Development"
McGraw Hill Edition 2000

**UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER GRAPHICS
FUNDAMENTALS****11**

Output primitives (points, lines, curves etc.), 2-D & 3-D transformation (Translation, scaling, rotators) windowing - view ports - clipping transformation. Representation of curves – Bezier curves - cubic spline curve - B – Spline curves - Rational curves – Surface Modeling techniques - surface patch – Coons patch- bi-cubic patch – Bezier and B-spline surfaces – Volume modeling – Boundary models – CSG- other modeling techniques.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO CAD SOFTWARE**8**

Writing interactive programs to solve design problems and production of drawings - using any languages like Auto LISP/C/FORTRAN etc.- creation of surfaces - solids etc. using solid modeling packages (prismatic and revolved parts).

UNIT III SOLID MODELING**8**

Regularized Boolean set operations - primitive instancing – sweep representations - boundary representations - constructive solid Geometry comparison of representations - user interface for solid modeling. Graphics and computing standards– Open GL Data Exchange standards – IGES, STEP etc– Communication standards.

UNIT IV VISUAL REALISM**9**

Hidden – Line – Surface – solid removal algorithms shading – coloring. Introduction to parametric and variational geometry based software's and their principles creation of prismatic and lofted parts using these packages.

UNIT V ASSEMBLY OF PARTS**9**

Assembly modeling - interferences of positions and orientation - tolerances analysis - mass property calculations - mechanism simulation.

NOTE: LAB PRACTICE OF 30 PERIODS**TOTAL : 45 + 30 = 75 PERIODS****REFERENCES:**

1. William M Neumann and Robert F.Sproul "Principles of Computer Graphics", Mc Graw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1989.
2. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, Inc., 1992.
3. Ibrahim Zeid Mastering CAD/CAM – McGraw Hill, International Edition, 2007.
4. Foley, Wan Dam, Feiner and Hughes – Computer graphics principles & practices, Pearson Education – 2003.
5. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, Inc., 1992.

AIM

To study about robust design, embodiment principles, various methods in design of experiments, reliability charts and histograms and six sigma techniques.

UNIT I DESIGN FOR QUALITY 9

Quality Function Deployment -House of Quality-Objectives and functions-Targets-Stakeholders-Measures and Matrices-Design of Experiments –design process-Identification of control factors, noise factors, and performance metrics - developing the experimental plan- experimental design –testing noise factors- Running the experiments –Conducting the analysis-Selecting and conforming factor-Set points-reflecting and repeating.

UNITII FAILURE MODE EFFECT ANALYSIS 9

Basic methods: Refining geometry and layout, general process of product embodiment- Embodiment checklist- Advanced methods: systems modeling, mechanical embodiment principles-FMEA method- linking fault states to systems modeling-Case study- computer monitor stand for a docking station.

UNIT III DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 9

Design of experiments-Basic methods- Two factorial experiments-Extended method-reduced tests and fractional experiments, orthogonality, base design method, higher dimensional fractional factorial design-Statistical analysis of experiments: Degree of freedom, correlation coefficient, standard error of the residual t-test, ANOVA-ratio test, other indicators-residual plots, Advanced DOE method for product testing-Product applications of physical modeling and DOE, Blender panel display evaluation, coffee grinder experimental optimization-Taguchi method.

UNIT IV STATISTICAL CONSIDERATION AND RELIABILIT 9

Frequency distributions and Histograms- Run charts –stem and leaf plots- Pareto diagrams-Cause and Effect diagrams-Box plots- Probability distribution-Statistical Process control–Scatter diagrams –Multivariable charts –Matrix plots and 3-D plots.-Reliability-Survival and Failure-Series and parallel systems-Mean time between failure-Weibull distribution

UNITV DESIGN FOR SIX SIGMA 9

Basis of SIX SIGMA –Project selection for SIX SIGMA- SIX SIGMA problem solving-SIX SIGMA in service and small organizations - SIX SIGMA and lean production – Lean SIX SIGMA and services

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**REFERENCE:**

1. Product Design Techniques in Reverse Engineering and New Product Development, KEVIN OTTO & KRISTIN WOOD, *Pearson Education (LPE)*, 2001.
2. Product Design And Development, KARL T. ULRICH, STEVEN D. EPPINGER, TATA McGRRAW-HILL- 3rd Edition, 2003.
3. The Management and control of Quality-6th edition-James R. Evens, William M Lindsay Pub:son south-western(www.swlearning.com)
4. Fundamentals of Quality control and improvement 2nd edition, AMITAVA MITRA, Pearson Education Asia, 2002.

- **CAD** Introduction.
- **Sketcher**
- **Solid modeling** –Extrude, Revolve, Sweep, etc and Variational sweep, Loft ,etc
- **Surface modeling** –Extrude, Sweep, Trim ..etc and Mesh of curves, Free form etc
- **Feature manipulation** – Copy, Edit, Pattern, Suppress, History operations etc.
- **Assembly**-Constraints, Exploded Views, Interference check
- **Drafting**-Layouts, Standard & Sectional Views, Detailing & Plotting.

Exercises in Modeling and drafting of Mechanical Components - Assembly using Parametric and feature based Packages like PRO-E / SOLID WORKS /CATIA / NX etc

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

UNIT I UNCONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES 10
Introduction to optimum design - General principles of optimization – Problem formulation & their classifications - Single variable and multivariable optimization, Techniques of unconstrained minimization – Golden section, Random, pattern and gradient search methods – Interpolation methods.

UNIT II CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES 10
Optimization with equality and inequality constraints - Direct methods – Indirect methods using penalty functions, Lagrange multipliers - Geometric programming

UNIT III ADVANCED OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES 10
Multi stage optimization – dynamic programming; stochastic programming; Multi objective optimization, Genetic algorithms and Simulated Annealing techniques; Neural network & Fuzzy logic principles in optimization.

UNITIV STATIC APPLICATIONS 8
Structural applications – Design of simple truss members - Design applications – Design of simple axial, transverse loaded members for minimum cost, weight – Design of shafts and torsionally loaded members – Design of springs.

UNIT V DYNAMIC APPLICATIONS 7
Dynamic Applications – Optimum design of single, two degree of freedom systems, vibration absorbers. Application in Mechanisms – Optimum design of simple linkage mechanisms.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Rao, Singaresu, S., “Engineering Optimization – Theory & Practice”, New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 2000.

- UNIT I SURFACE INTERACTION AND FRICTION 7**
Topography of Surfaces – Surface features-Properties and measurement – Surface interaction – Adhesive Theory of Sliding Friction –Rolling Friction-Friction properties of metallic and non-metallic materials – friction in extreme conditions –Thermal considerations in sliding contact
- UNIT II WEAR AND SURFACE TREATMENT 8**
Types of wear – Mechanism of various types of wear – Laws of wear –Theoretical wear models-Wear of Metals and Non metals – Surface treatments – Surface modifications – surface coatings methods- Surface Topography measurements – Laser methods – instrumentation - International standards in friction and wear measurements
- UNIT III LUBRICANTS AND LUBRICATION REGIMES 8**
Lubricants and their physical properties- Viscosity and other properties of oils – Additives-and selection of Lubricants- Lubricants standards ISO,SAE,AGMA, BIS standards – Lubrication Regimes –Solid Lubrication-Dry and marginally lubricated contacts- Boundary Lubrication- Hydrodynamic lubrication — Elasto and plasto hydrodynamic - Magneto hydrodynamic lubrication – Hydro static lubrication – Gas lubrication.
- UNIT IV THEORY OF HYDRODYNAMIC AND HYDROSTATIC LUBRICATION 12**
Reynolds Equation,-Assumptions and limitations-One and two dimensional Reynolds Equation-Reynolds and Sommerfeld boundary conditions- Pressure wave, flow, load capacity and friction calculations in Hydrodynamic bearings-Long and short bearings-Pad bearings and Journal bearings-Squeeze film effects-Thermal considerations-Hydrostatic lubrication of Pad bearing- Pressure , flow , load and friction calculations-Stiffness considerations- Various types of flow restrictors in hydrostatic bearings
- UNIT V HIGH PRESSURE CONTACTS AND ELASTO HYDRODYNAMIC LUBRICATION 10**
Rolling contacts of Elastic solids- contact stresses – Hertzian stress equation- Spherical and cylindrical contacts-Contact Fatigue life- Oil film effects- Elasto Hydrodynamic lubrication Theory-Soft and hard EHL-Reynolds equation for elasto hydrodynamic lubrication- - Film shape within and outside contact zones-Film thickness and friction calculation- Rolling bearings- Stresses and deflections-Traction drives

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**REFERENCES:**

1. Rabinowicz.E, "Friction and Wear of materials", John Willey & Sons ,UK,1995
2. Cameron, A. "Basic Lubrication Theory", Ellis Herward Ltd., UK, 1981
3. Halling, J. (Editor) – "Principles of Tribology ", Macmillian – 1984.
4. Williams J.A. " Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994.
5. S.K.Basu, S.N.Sengupta & B.B.Ahuja , "Fundamentals of Tribology", Prentice –Hall

OBJECTIVES

To understand the fundamentals of composite material strength and its mechanical behavior

- Understanding the analysis of fiber reinforced Laminate design for different
- Combinations of plies with different orientations of the fiber.
- Thermo-mechanical behavior and study of residual stresses in Laminates during processing.
- Implementation of Classical Laminate Theory (CLT) to study and analysis for residual stresses in an isotropic layered structure such as electronic chips.

UNIT I LAMINA CONSTITUTIVE RELATIONS 12

Definition –Need – General Characteristics, Applications. Fibers – Glass, Carbon, Ceramic and Aramid fibers. Matrices – Polymer, Graphite, Ceramic and Metal Matrices – Characteristics of fibers and matrices.

Lamina Constitutive Equations: Lamina Assumptions – Macroscopic Viewpoint. Generalized Hooke's Law. Reduction to Homogeneous Orthotropic Lamina – Isotropic limit case, Orthotropic Stiffness matrix (Q_{ij}), Typical Commercial material properties, Rule of Mixtures. Generally Orthotropic Lamina –Transformation Matrix, Transformed Stiffness. Manufacturing: Bag Moulding – Compression Moulding – Pultrusion – Filament Winding – Other Manufacturing Processes.

UNIT II FLAT PLATE LAMINATE CONSTITUTIVE RELATIONS 10

Definition of stress and Moment Resultants. Strain Displacement relations. Basic Assumptions of Laminated anisotropic plates. Laminate Constitutive Equations – Coupling Interactions, Balanced Laminates, Symmetric Laminates, Angle Ply Laminates, Cross Ply Laminates. Laminate Structural Moduli. Evaluation of Lamina Properties from Laminate Tests. Quasi-Isotropic Laminates. Determination of Lamina stresses within Laminates.

UNIT III LAMINA STRENGTH ANALYSIS 5

Introduction - Maximum Stress and Strain Criteria. Von-Misses Yield criterion for Isotropic Materials. Generalized Hill's Criterion for Anisotropic materials. Tsai-Hill's Failure Criterion for Composites. Tensor Polynomial (Tsai-Wu) Failure criterion. Prediction of laminate Failure

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF LAMINATED FLAT PLATES 10

Equilibrium Equations of Motion. Energy Formulations. Static Bending Analysis. Buckling Analysis. Free Vibrations – Natural Frequencies

UNIT V EFFECT OF THERMAL PROPERTIES 8

Modification of Hooke's Law due to thermal properties - Modification of Laminate Constitutive Equations. Orthotropic Lamina - special Laminate Configurations – Unidirectional, Off-axis, Symmetric Balanced Laminates - Zero C.T.E laminates, Thermally Quasi-Isotropic Laminates

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gibson, R.F., Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1994, Second Edition - CRC press in progress.
2. Hyer, M.W., "Stress Analysis of Fiber – Reinforced Composite Materials", McGraw-Hill, 1998

REFERENCES:

1. Issac M. Daniel and Ori Ishai, "Engineering Mechanics of Composite Materials", Oxford University Press-2006, First Indian Edition - 2007
2. Mallick, P.K., Fiber –"Reinforced Composites: Materials, Manufacturing and Design", Maneeel Dekker Inc, 1993.
3. Halpin, J.C., "Primer on Composite Materials, Analysis", Techomic Publishing Co., 1984.
4. garwal, B.D., and Broutman L.J., "Analysis and Performance of Fiber Composites", John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1990.
5. Mallick, P.K. and Newman, S., (edition), "Composite Materials Technology: Processes and Properties", Hansen Publisher, Munish, 1990.
6. Madhujit Mukhopadhyay, "Mechanics of Composite Materials and Structures", University Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, 2004 (Reprinted 2008)

ED 9255

APPLIED ENGINEERING ACOUSTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS OF ACOUSTICS 9

Scope of Acoustics – Sound pressure – Sound intensity – Sound power level Sound power – Wave motion – Alteration of wave paths –Measurement of sound waves – sound spectra – Sound fields – Interference – Standing waves – Acoustic energy density and intensity – Specific acoustic impedance.

UNIT II CHARACTERISTICS OF SOUND 10

One dimensional wave equation – Solution of 1D wave equation – Velocity in gaseous medium – Velocity of plane progressive sound wave through a thin solid rod – Velocity of plane wave in a bulk of solid – Transverse wave propagation along a string stretched under tension – Wave equation in two dimension.

UNIT III TRANSMISSION PHENOMENA 6

Changes in media – Transmission from one fluid medium to another, normal incidence, oblique incidence - Reflection at the surface of a solid, normal incidence, oblique incidence – Standing wave pattern – Transmission through three media.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO THE ASSESSMENT AND MEASUREMENT OF SOUND 10

Introduction – Decibel scale for the measurement of sound power – Sound level meter – Weighted sound pressure level – Equal Loudness contours – Perceived noisiness – Loudness, Loudness level, perceived noise, perceived noise level – Equivalent sound level – Identified level – Frequency and Amplitude measurement.

UNIT V TOOL DESIGN FOR CNC MACHINE TOOLS 8

Introduction –Tooling requirements for Numerical control systems – Fixture design for CNC machine tools- Sub plate and tombstone fixtures-Universal fixtures– Cutting tools– Tool holding methods– Automatic tool changers and tool positioners – Tool presetting– General explanation of the Brown and Sharp machine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Cyril Donaldson, George H.LeCain, V.C. Goold, "Tool Design", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2000.
2. E.G.Hoffman," Jig and Fixture Design", Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd, Singapore, 2004
3. Prakash Hiralal Joshi, "Tooling data", Wheeler Publishing, 2000
4. Venkataraman K., "Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Presstools", TMH, 2005
5. Haslehurst M., "Manufacturing Technology", The ELBS, 1978

**ED 9257 PRODUCTIVITY MANAGEMENT AND RE-ENGINEERING L T P C
3 0 0 3**

UNIT I PRODUCTIVITY 9

Productivity Concepts – Macro and Micro factors of productivity – Dynamics of Productivity - Productivity Cycle Productivity Measurement at International, National and Organisation level - Productivity measurement models

UNIT II SYSTEMS APPROACH TO PRODUCTIVITY MEASUREMENT 9

Conceptual frame work, Management by Objectives (MBO), Performance Objectivated Productivity (POP) – Methodology and application to manufacturing and service sector.

UNIT III ORGANISATIONAL TRANSFORMATION 9

Elements of Organisational Transformation and Reengineering-Principles of organizational transformation and re-engineering, fundamentals of process re-engineering, preparing the workforce for transformation and re-engineering, methodology, guidelines, LMI CIP Model – DSMC Q & PMP model.

UNIT IV RE-ENGINEERING PROCESS IMPROVEMENT MODELS 9

PMI models, PASIM Model, Moen and Nolan Strategy for process improvement, LMICIP Model, NPRDC Model.

UNIT V RE-ENGINEERING TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTATION 9

Analytical and process tools and techniques – Information and Communication Technology – Implementation of Reengineering Projects – Success Factors and common implementation Problem – Cases.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Sumanth, D.J., 'Productivity Engineering and Management', TMH, New Delhi, 1990.

2. Kozyrey, Yu. "Industrial Robots", MIR Publishers Moscow, 1985.
3. Richard. D, Klaffer, Thomas, A, Chmielewski, Michael Negin, "Robotics Engineering – An Integrated Approach", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1984.
4. Deb, S.R." Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 1994.
5. Mikell, P. Groover, Mitchell Weis, Roger, N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey," Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications", Mc Graw-Hill, Int. 1986.
6. Timothy Jordanides et al ,"Expert Systems and Robotics ", Springer –Verlag, New York, May 1991.

ED 9259 DESIGN OF MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENTS L T P C
(Use of Approved Data Book Is Permitted) 3 0 0 3

UNIT I MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT 5
Types, selection and applications

UNIT II DESIGN OF HOISTS 10
Design of hoisting elements: Welded and roller chains - Hemp and wire ropes
Design of ropes, pulleys, pulley systems, sprockets and drums, Load handling attachments. Design of forged hooks and eye hooks – crane grabs - lifting magnets - Grabbing attachments - Design of arresting gear - Brakes: shoe, band and cone types.

UNIT III DRIVES OF HOISTING GEAR 10
Hand and power drives - Traveling gear - Rail traveling mechanism - cantilever and monorail cranes - slewing, jib and luffing gear - cogwheel drive - selecting the motor ratings.

UNIT IV CONVEYORS 10
Types - description - design and applications of Belt conveyors, apron conveyors and escalators Pneumatic conveyors, Screw conveyors and vibratory conveyors.

UNIT V ELEVATORS 10
Bucket elevators: design - loading and bucket arrangements - Cage elevators - shaft way, guides, counter weights, hoisting machine, safety devices - Design of fork lift trucks.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rudenko, N., Materials handling equipment, ELNvee Publishers, 1970.
2. Spivakovsy, A.O. and Dyachkov, V.K., Conveying Machines, Volumes I and II, MIR Publishers, 1985.

REFERENCES

1. Alexandrov, M., Materials Handling Equipments, MIR Publishers, 1981.
2. Boltzharol, A., Materials Handling Handbook, The Ronald Press Company, 1958.
3. P.S.G. Tech., "Design Data Book", Kalaikathir Achchagam, Coimbatore, 2003.
4. Lingaiah. K. and Narayana Iyengar, "Machine Design Data Hand Book", Vol. 1 & 2, Suma Publishers, Bangalore, 1983.

OBJECTIVE:

After undergoing this course, the students would be in a position to understand the behaviour of these commonly occurring structural elements in engineering design and would have developed the capability to design and analyse them in their normal design practice.

UNIT I GENERAL INTRODUCTION 7

Review of equations of elasticity- kinematics, compatibility equations, stress measures- equations of motions- constitutive relations- transformation of stresses, strains and stiffness-energy principles and variational methods in elasticity- virtual work-external and internal virtual work- variational operator- functionals- Euler Lagrange equations- energy principles- Hamilton's principle- principle of minimum total potential- applications

UNIT II CLASSICAL THEORY OF PLATES 10

Plates as structural elements- stress and moment resultants- assumptions made in the classical theory- displacement fields and strains- equations of equilibrium in Cartesian coordinates and in polar coordinates- boundary conditions – bending of rectangular plates with various boundary conditions and loading- symmetrical and asymmetrical bending of circular plates-limitations of classical theory- finite element analysis(elementary treatment only; discussion of various elements used and their capabilities- not for examination)

UNIT III BUCKLING ANALYSIS OF RECTANGULAR PLATES 10

Buckling of simply supported plates under compressive forces- governing equations- the Navier solution- biaxial compression of a plate- uniaxial compression of a plate- buckling of plates simply supported on two opposite edges- Levy's solution- buckling of plates with various boundary conditions- general formulation- finite element analysis(elementary treatment only; discussion of various elements used and their capabilities- not for examination)

UNIT IV VIBRATION OF PLATES 9

Governing equations for natural flexural vibrations of rectangular plates- natural vibrations of plates simply supported on all edges- vibration of plates with two parallel sides simply supported- Levy's solution- vibration of plates with different boundary conditions- Rayleigh-Ritz method- Natural vibration of plates with general boundary conditions- transient analysis of rectangular plates- finite element analysis(elementary treatment only; discussion of various elements used and their capabilities- not for examination)

UNIT V ANALYSIS OF THIN ELASTIC SHELLS OF REVOLUTION 9

Classification of shell surfaces- geometric properties of shells of revolution- general strain displacement relations for shells of revolution- stress resultants- equations of motion of thin shells- analytical solution for thin cylindrical shells- membrane theory- flexure under axisymmetric loads- shells with double curvature- geometric considerations- equations of equilibrium- bending of spherical shells- vibration of cylindrical shells- finite element analysis(elementary treatment only; discussion of various elements used and their capabilities- not for examination)

UNIT I OIL HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS AND HYDRAULIC ACTUATORS 5

Hydraulic Power Generators – Selection and specification of pumps, pump characteristics. Linear and Rotary Actuators – selection, specification and characteristics.

UNIT II CONTROL AND REGULATION ELEMENTS 2

Pressure - direction and flow control valves - relief valves, non-return and safety valves - actuation systems.

UNIT III HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS 5

Reciprocation, quick return, sequencing, synchronizing circuits - accumulator circuits - industrial circuits - press circuits - hydraulic milling machine - grinding, planning, copying, - forklift, earth mover circuits- design and selection of components - safety and emergency mandrels.

UNIT IV PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS AND CIRCUITS 16

Pneumatic fundamentals - control elements, position and pressure sensing - logic circuits - switching circuits - fringe conditions modules and these integration - sequential circuits - cascade methods - mapping methods - step counter method - compound circuit design - combination circuit design.

UNIT V INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND SPECIAL CIRCUITS 7

Pneumatic equipments- selection of components - design calculations – application - fault finding - hydro pneumatic circuits - use of microprocessors for sequencing - PLC, Low cost automation - Robotic circuits.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Antony Esposito, "Fluid Power with Applications", Prentice Hall, 1980.
2. Dudleyt, A. Pease and John J. Pippenger, "Basic fluid power", Prentice Hall, 1987.
3. Andrew Parr, "Hydraulic and Pneumatics" (HB), Jaico Publishing House, 1999.
4. Bolton. W., "Pneumatic and Hydraulic Systems ", Butterworth –Heinemann, 1997.
5. K.Shanmuga Sundaram, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Controls: Understanding made Easy" S.Chand & Co Book publishers, New Delhi, 2006 (Reprint 2009)

UNIT I FORCES AND STRAIN MEASUREMENT 9

Strain gauge, principle, types, performance and uses. Photo elasticity – Principle and applications - Moire Fringe - Hydraulic jacks and pressure gauges – Electronic load cells – Proving Rings – Calibration of Testing Machines.

UNIT II VIBRATION MEASUREMENTS 9

Characteristics of Structural Vibrations – Linear Variable Differential Transformer (LVDT) – Transducers for velocity and acceleration measurements. Vibration meter – Seismographs – Vibration Analyzer – Display and recording of signals – Cathode Ray Oscilloscope – XY Plotter – Chart Plotters – Digital data Acquisition systems.

UNIT III ACOUSTICS AND WIND FLOW MEASURES 9

Principles of Pressure and flow measurements – pressure transducers – sound level meter – venturimeter and flow meters – wind tunnel and its use in structural analysis – structural modeling – direct and indirect model analysis

UNIT IV DISTRESS MEASUREMENTS 9

Diagnosis of distress in structures – crack observation and measurements – corrosion of reinforcement in concrete – Half-cell, construction and use – damage assessment – controlled blasting for demolition.

UNIT V NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING METHODS 9

Load testing on structures, buildings, bridges and towers – Rebound Hammer – acoustic emission – ultrasonic testing principles and application – Holography – use of laser for structural testing – Brittle coating

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. Sadhu Singh – Experimental Stress Analysis, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1996.
2. JW Dalley and WF Riley, Experimental Stress Analysis, McGraw Hill Book Company, N.Y. 1991
3. L.S.Srinath et al, Experimental Stress Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 1984
4. R.S.Sirohi, HC Radhakrishna, Mechanical Measurements, New Age International (P) Ltd. 1997
5. F.K Garas, J.L. Clarke and GST Armer, Structural assessment, Butterworths, London, 1987
6. D.E. Bray & R. K.Stanley, Non-destructive Evaluation, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, N.Y.1989

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MAINTENANCE SYSTEMS 8

Introduction to repair and Maintenance -Maintenance as business - Maintenance systems such as reactive, preventive, predictive or proactive systems - Human resources management in Maintenance management -maintainability- Inherent and overall availability. - Mean time between failures, mean time to repairs and mean down time - Testability and supportability - "Design for Maintenance" - Poor maintainability aspects - Design for reliability.

UNIT II CONDITION BASED MAINTENANCE 7

Condition based monitoring of equipment and systems -condition monitoring techniques such as a) Vibration analysis, b) Ultrasonic detection techniques, c) Thermography, d) Oil and lubricant analysis, e) Motor condition monitoring (MCM) - Shaft alignments through laser - Vibration instruments -Outline on Thermography

UNIT III MAINTENANCE TECHNIQUES SUCH AS RELIABILITY CENTRED MAINTENANCE(RCM),TOTAL PRODUCTIVE MAINTENANCE (TPM)& CMMS 10

Reliability centred Maintenance-Failure Mode and Effect Analysis-Root cause Analysis- logic tree analysis-Criticality matrix - Total Productive Maintenance, Overall Equipment Effectiveness-Lean manufacturing- TPM and TPO- Relationship between OEE and world-class Maintenance- Ladder of Maintenance improvement- Computerized Maintenance management system in a business scenario- data acquisition for effective management of CMMS.

UNIT IV ASSET PLANNING AND SCHEDULING OF ACTIVITIES IN MAINTENANCE 10

Asset and spare part management, - Conventional spare Parts management techniques such as Economic Order Quantity, two bin systems - Latest trends in monitoring through bar codes, mobile computer and wireless data transmissions -. Different aspects of planning and scheduling of Maintenance, such as shutdowns- Critical aspects of both routine and shut down Maintenance -. bar charts - PERT network during shut down -Man power Training and utilization of skilled manpower - Sequencing of activities.

UNITV SAFETY AND OTHER ASPECTS OF MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS 10

Safety Engineering. - Hazard analysis -General rules and guidelines in safety and hazard prevention - Analytical tools - Hazard analysis- Fault Tree Analysis - Sneak Circuit analysis - Integrated approach to Maintenance- Statistical distributions such as normal, gamma and "Weibull" in Maintenance- Maintenance effectiveness.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOK:**

1. "Maintenance Engineering and Management": K.Venkataraman-PHI Learning-2007

REFERENCES:

1. Kelly. A and Harris, M. J, "Management of Industrial maintenance", Butter worth & Co., 1978

2. David J. Smith, "Reliability and Maintainability in Perspective", McMillan, 2nd Edition, 1985.
3. Gwidon W Stachowiak and Andrew W. Batchelor, "Engineering Tribology", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2001
4. John V. Grimaldi & Rollin H. Simonds, "Safety Management", AITBS Publishers & Distributors, 2001.

ED 9267

BEARING DESIGN AND ROTOR DYNAMICS

**LT P C
3 0 0 3**

UNIT I	CLASSIFICATION AND SELECTION OF BEARINGS	6
Selection criteria-Dry and Boundary Lubrication Bearings-Hydrodynamic and Hydrostatic bearings- Electro Magnetic bearings-Dry bearings-Rolling Element bearings- Bearings for Precision Applications-Foil Bearings-Special bearings- Selection of plain Bearing materials –Metallic and Non metallic bearings		
UNIT II	DESIGN OF FLUID FILM BEARINGS	10
Design and performance analysis of Thrust and Journal bearings – Full, partial, fixed and pivoted journal bearings design procedure-Minimum film thickness – lubricant flow and delivery – power loss, Heat and temperature distribution calculations- Design based on Charts & Tables and Experimental curves-Design of Foil bearings- Air Bearings- Design of Hydrostatic bearings-Thrust and Journal bearings- Stiffness consideration - flow regulators and pump design		
UNIT III	SELECTION AND DESIGN OF ROLLING BEARINGS	10
Contact Stresses in Rolling bearings- Centrifugal stresses-Elasto hydrodynamic lubrication- Fatigue life calculations- Bearing operating temperature- Lubrication- Selection of lubricants- Internal clearance – Shaft and housing fit- -Mounting arrangements-Materials for rolling bearings- Manufacturing methods- Ceramic bearings-Rolling bearing cages-bearing seals selection		
UNITIV	DYNAMICS OF HYDRODYNAMIC BEARINGS	10
Hydrodynamic Lubrication equation for dynamic loadings-Squeeze film effects in journal bearings and thrust bearings -Rotating loads , alternating and impulse loads in journal bearings – Journal centre Trajectory- Analysis of short bearings under dynamic conditions- Finite difference solution for dynamic conditions		
UNIT V	ROTOR DYNAMICS	9
Rotor vibration and Rotor critical speeds- support stiffness on critical speeds- Stiffness and damping coefficients of journal bearings-computation and measurements of journal bearing coefficients -Mechanics of Hydro dynamic Instability- Half frequency whirl and Resonance whip- Design configurations of stable journal bearings		

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Neale, M.J. "Tribology Hand Book", Butterworth Heinemann, United Kingdom 2001.
2. Cameron, A. "Basic Lubrication Theory", Ellis Herward Ltd., UK, 1981
3. Halling, J. (Editor) – "Principles of Tribology", Macmillan – 1984.
4. Williams J.A. "Engineering Tribology", Oxford Univ. Press, 1994.
5. S.K.Basu, S.N.Sengupta & B.B.Ahuja, "Fundamentals of Tribology", Prentice –Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2005
6. G.W.Stachowiak & A.W .Batchelor, Engineering Tribology, Butterworth-Heinemann, UK, 2005

PD 9250

DESIGN PARADIGM

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE

Study about the design methodologies for manufacture and assembly, value engineering techniques and analysis of product development

UNIT I DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE 8

General design principles for manufacturability - strength and mechanical factors, mechanisms selection, evaluation method, Process capability - Feature tolerances - Geometric tolerances - Assembly limits – Datum features - Tolerance stacks.

UNIT II FORM DESIGN OF CASTINGS AND WELDMENT 9

Redesign of castings based on parting line considerations - Minimizing core requirements - Redesigning a cast members using weldments-factors influencing form design-Working principle, Material, Manufacture, Design - Possible solutions - Materials choice - Influence of materials-on from design - form design of welded members, forgings and castings.

UNIT III DESIGN FOR ASSEMBLY 6

Assembly processes-Handling and insertion process-Manual ,automatic and robotic assembly-Cost of Assembly-Number of Parts-DFA guidelines

UNIT IV VALUE ENGINEERING 12

Value –types –functional –operational –aesthetic –cost- –material – Design process – value and worthiness –procedure -brainstorming sessions –evaluation –case studies –value estimation- Value analysis - Design for value - Selection of alternatives - optimization – Implementation

UNIT V PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS 10

Elements of Economics analysis-Quantitative and qualitative analysis-Economic Analysis process-Estimating magnitude and time of future cash inflows and out flows-Sensitivity analysis-Project trade-offs-Trade-offs rules-Limitation of quantitative analysis-Influence of qualitative factors on project success

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Harry Peck, Designing for Manufacture, Pitman Publications, 1983.
2. George E Dieter, Engineering Design, McGraw-Hill Int Editions, 2000

REFERENCES:

1. S.S.Iyer ,Value Engineering, New Age International, 2000
2. Charles E. Ebeling, Reliability and Maintainability Engineering, , TMH, 2000

PD 9251 MICRO ELECTRO MECHANICAL SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 8
 Introduction, Materials-substrates, Additive materials. Fabrication techniques-Deposition, Lithography, etching, Surface micro machining, Thick film screen-printing and electroplating

UNIT II MECHANICAL SENSOR PACKAGING 8
 Introduction, Standard IC packages-ceramic, plastic and metal packages. Packaging process-Electrical interconnects, Methods of die attachment, sealing techniques. MEMS mechanical sensor packaging

UNIT III MECHANICAL TRANSDUCTION TECHNIQUES 9
 Piezo resistivity, Piezoelectricity, Capacitive Techniques, Optical techniques, Resonant techniques. Actuation techniques, Smart Sensors. MEMS Simulation and Design tools-Behavioral model ling simulation tools and Finite element simulation tools.

UNIT IV PRESSURE SENSORS 12
 Introduction. Techniques for sensing. Physics of pressure sensing-Pressure sensor specifications. Dynamic pressure sensing. Pressure sensor types. MEMS technology pressure sensors-Micro machined silicon diaphragms,

UNIT V FORCE, TORQUE AND INERTIAL SENSORS 8
 Introduction-Silicon based devises-Optical devises-capacitive devises-Magnetic devices-Atomic force microscope and scanning probes- micro machined accelerometer-Micro machined Gyroscope-Future inertial micro machined sensors

TEXT BOOK

1. Nadim Maluf and Kirt Williams,' An introduction to Micro electro mechanical System Engineering, Artech House, Inc. Boston.2003

REFERENCE

1. Stephen Beeby, Graham Ensell, Michael Kraft and Neil White,' MEMS Mechanical sensors' Artech House, Inc. Boston 2003

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 4

Need for design creativity – creative thinking for quality – essential theory about directed creativity –

UNIT II MECHANISM OF THINKING AND VISUALIZATION 11

Definitions and theory of mechanisms of mind heuristics and models : attitudes, Approaches and Actions that support creative thinking - Advanced study of visual elements and principles- line, plane, shape, form, pattern, texture gradation, color symmetry. Spatial relationships and compositions in 2 and 3 dimensional space - procedure for genuine graphical computer animation – Animation aerodynamics – virtual environments in scientific Visualization – Unifying principle of data management for scientific visualization – Unifying principle of data management for scientific visualization - Visualization benchmarking

UNIT III CREATIVITY 11

Methods and tools for Directed Creativity – Basic Principles – Tools of Directed Creativity – Tools that prepare the mind for creative thought – stimulation of new ideas – Development and Actions: - Processes in creativity ICEDIP – Inspiration, Clarification, Distillation, Perspiration, Evaluation and Incubation – Creativity and Motivation The Bridge between man creativity and the rewards of innovativeness – Applying Directed Creativity to the challenge of quality management

UNIT IV DESIGN 9

Process Design, Emotional Design – Three levels of Design – Viceral, Behavioral and Reflective- Recycling and availability-Creativity and customer needs analysis – Innovative product and service designs, future directions in this application of creativity thinking in quality management

UNIT V INNOVATION 10

Achieving Creativity – Introduction to TRIZ methodology of Inventive Problem Solving - the essential factors – Innovator’s solution – creating and sustaining successful growth – Disruptive Innovation model – Segmentive Models – New market disruption - Commoditization and DE-commoditization – Managing the Strategy Development Process – The Role of Senior Executive in Leading New Growth – Passing the Baton

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**REFERENCES:**

1. Rousing Creativity: Think New Now Floyd Hurr, ISBN 1560525479, Crisp Publications Inc. 1999
2. Geoffrey Petty, "how to be better at Creativity", The Industrial Society 1999
3. Donald A. Norman, "Emotional Design", Perseus Books Group New York , 2004
4. Clayton M. Christensen Michael E. Raynor, "The Innovator’s Solution", Harvard Business School Press Boston, USA, 2003
5. Semyon D. Savransky, "Engineering of Creativity – TRIZ", CRC Press New York USA, 2000

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION	5
Scope and tasks of RE - Domain analysis- process of duplicating		
UNIT II	TOOLS FOR RE	8
Functionality- dimensional- developing technical data - digitizing techniques - construction of surface model - solid-part material- characteristics evaluation - software and application- prototyping - verification		
UNIT III	CONCEPTS	12
History of Reverse Engineering – Preserving and preparation for the four stage process – Evaluation and Verification- Technical Data Generation, Data Verification, Project Implementation		
UNIT IV	DATA MANAGEMENT	10
Data reverse engineering – Three data Reverse engineering strategies – Definition – organization data issues - Software application – Finding reusable software components – Recycling real-time embedded software – Design experiments to evaluate a Reverse Engineering tool – Rule based detection for reverse Engineering user interfaces – Reverse Engineering of assembly programs: A model based approach and its logical basics		
UNIT V	INTEGRATION	10
Cognitive approach to program understated – Integrating formal and structured methods in reverse engineering – Integrating reverse engineering, reuse and specification tool environments to reverse engineering --coordinate measurement – feature capturing – surface and solid members		

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Design Recovery for Maintenance and Reuse, T J Biggerstaff, IEEE Corpn. July 1991
2. White paper on RE, S. Rugaban, Technical Report, Georgia Instt. of Technology, 1994
3. Reverse Engineering, Katheryn, A. Ingle, McGraw-Hill, 1994
4. Data Reverse Engineering, Aiken, Peter, McGraw-Hill, 1996
5. Reverse Engineering, Linda Wills, Kluiver Academic Publishers, 1996
6. Co-ordinate Measurment and reverse engineering, Donald R. Honsa, ISBN 1555897, American Gear Manufacturers Association

UNIT I	ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING:	10
Principle – ERP framework – BusinessBlue Print – Business Engineering vs Business process Re-Engineering – Tools – Languages – Value chain – Supply and Demand chain – Extended supply chain management – Dynamic Models –Process Models		
UNIT II	TECHNOLOGY AND ARCHITECTURE	10
Client/Server architecture – Technology choices – Internet direction – Evaluation framework – CRM – CRM pricing – chain safety – Evaluation framework.		
UNIT III	ERP SYSTEM PACKAGES:	10
SAP,. People soft, Baan and Oracle – Comparison – Integration of different ERP applications – ERP as sales force automation – Integration of ERP and Internet – ERP Implementation strategies – Organisational and social issues.		
UNIT IV		7
Overview – Architecture – AIM – applications – Oracle SCM. SAP : Overview – Architecture – applications -Before and after Y2k – critical issues – Training on various modules of IBCS ERP Package-Oracle ERP and MAXIMO, including ERP on the NET.		
UNIT V	ERP PROCUREMENT ISSUES	8
Market Trends – Outsourcing ERP – Economics – Hidden Cost Issues – ROI – Analysis of cases from five Indian Companies.		

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Sadagopan.S , ERP-A Managerial Perspective, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1999.
2. Jose Antonio Fernandez , The SAP R/3 Handbook, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998.
3. Vinod Kumar Crag and N.K.Venkitakrishnan , Enterprise Resource Planning – Concepts and Practice, Prentice Hall of India, 1998.
4. ERPWARE , ERP Implementation Framework, Garg & Venkitakrishnan, Prentice Hall, 1999.
5. Thomas E Vollmann and Bery Whybark , Manufacturing and Control Systems, Galgothia Publications, 1998.

IE 9224

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 5

Logistics- concepts, definitions, approaches, factors affecting logistics. Supply chain - basic tasks of the supply chain - the new corporate model.

UNIT II SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT 10

The new paradigm, the modular company, the network relations, supply process, procurement process - Distribution management.

UNIT III EVOLUTION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MODELS 10

Strategy and structure - factors of supply chain - Manufacturing strategy stages, supply chain progress - model for competing through supply chain management - PLC grid, supply chain redesign - Linking supply chain with customer.

UNIT IV SUPPLY CHAIN ACTIVITY SYSTEMS 10

Structuring the SC, SC and new products, functional roles in SC, SC design framework., collaborative product commerce(CPC)

UNIT V SCM ORGANISATION AND INFORMATION SYSTEM 10

The management task, logistics organisation, the logistics information systems-topology of SC application- MRP, ERP, Warehouse management system, product data management- cases.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Scharj, P.B., Lasen, T.S., Managing the global supply chain, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2000.
2. Ayers, J.B., Hand book of Supply Chain Management, The St. Lencie press, 2000.
3. Nicolas, J.N., Competitive manufacturing management- continuous improvement, Lean production, customer focused quality, McGraw-Hill, NY, 1998.
4. Steudel, H.J. and Desruelle, P., Manufacturing in the ninteens- How to become mean, lean and world class competitor, Van Nostrand Reinhold, NY, 1992.

IC 9262

COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I GOVERNING DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION AND FINITE DIFFERENCE METHOD 10

Classification, Initial and Boundary conditions – Initial and Boundary Value problems – Finite difference method, Central, Forward, Backward difference, Uniform and non-uniform Grids, Numerical Errors, Grid Independence Test.

UNIT II CONDUCTION HEAT TRANSFER 10

Steady one-dimensional conduction, Two and three dimensional steady state

UNIT III COMPONENT DESIGN - MACHINING CONSIDERATION 8
 Design features to facilitate machining - drills - milling cutters - keyways - Doweling procedures, counter sunk screws - Reduction of machined area- simplification by separation - simplification by amalgamation - Design for machinability - Design for economy - Design for clampability - Design for accessibility - Design for assembly.

UNIT IV COMPONENT DESIGN – CASTING CONSIDERATION 10
 Redesign of castings based on Parting line considerations - Minimizing core requirements, machined holes, redesign of cast members to obviate cores. Identification of uneconomical design - Modifying the design - group technology - Computer Applications for DFMA

UNIT V DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT 9
 Introduction – Environmental objectives – Global issues – Regional and local issues – Basic DFE methods – Design guide lines – Example application – Lifecycle assessment – Basic method – AT&T’s environmentally responsible product assessment - Weighted sum assessment method – Lifecycle assessment method – Techniques to reduce environmental impact – Design to minimize material usage – Design for disassembly – Design for recyclability – Design for remanufacture – Design for energy efficiency – Design to regulations and standards.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Boothroyd, G, 1980 Design for Assembly Automation and Product Design. NewYork, Marcel Dekker.
2. Bralla, Design for Manufacture handbook, McGraw hill, 1999.
3. Boothroyd, G, Hertz and Nike, Product Design for Manufacture, Marcel Dekker, 1994.
4. Dickson, John. R, and Corroda Poly, Engineering Design and Design for Manufacture and Structural Approach, Field Stone Publisher, USA, 1995.
5. Fixel, J. Design for the Environment McGraw hill., 1996.
6. Graedel T. Allen By. B, Design for the Environment Angle Wood Cliff, Prentice Hall. Reason Pub., 1996.
7. Kevien Otto and Kristin Wood, Product Design. Pearson Publication, 2004.

**CC 9222 INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS LT P C
 3 0 0 3**

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 5
 Objectives of a manufacturing system-identifying business opportunities and problems classification production systems-linking manufacturing strategy and systems analysis of manufacturing operations

UNIT II GROUP TECHNOLOGY AND COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING 5
 Introduction-part families-parts classification and cooling - group technology machine cells-benefits of group technology. Process planning function CAPP - Computer

generated time standards.

UNIT III COMPUTER AIDED PLANNING AND CONTROL 10

Production planning and control-cost planning and control-inventory management-Material requirements planning (MRP)-shop floor control-Factory data collection system-Automatic identification system-barcode technology- automated data collection system.

UNIT IV COMPUTER MONITORING 10

Types of production monitoring systems-structure model of manufacturing process-process control & strategies- direct digital control-supervisory computer control-computer in QC - contact inspection methods non-contact inspection method - computer-aided testing - integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM.

UNIT V INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING SYSTEM 15

Definition - application - features - types of manufacturing systems- machine toolsmaterials handling system- computer control system - DNC systems manufacturing cell. Flexible manufacturing systems (FMS) - the FMS concept-transfer systems - head changing FMS - variable mission manufacturing system - CAD/CAM system - human labor in the manufacturing system-computer integrated manufacturing system benefits. Rapid prototyping - Artificial Intelligence and Expert system in CIM.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Groover, M.P., "Automation, Production System and CIM", Prentice-Hall of India, 1998.

REFERENCES:

1. David Bedworth, "Computer Integrated Design and Manufacturing", TMH, New Delhi, 1998.
2. Yorem Koren, "Computer Integrated Manufacturing Systems", McGraw Hill, 1983.
3. Ranky, Paul G., "Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Prentice Hall International 1986.
4. R.W. Yeomamas, A. Choudry and P.J.W. Ten Hagen, "Design rules for a CIM system", North Holland Amsterdam, 1985.

**EY 9256 DESIGN OF HEAT EXCHANGERS L T P C
3 0 0 3**

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF HEAT EXCHANGER 9

Temperature distribution and its implications types – shell and tube heat exchangers – regenerators and recuperators – analysis of heat exchangers – LMTD and effectiveness method.

UNIT II FLOW AND STRESS ANALYSIS 9

Effect of turbulence – friction factor – pressure loss – stress in tubes – header sheets and pressure vessels – thermal stresses, shear stresses, types of failures.

Slicing and contour data organization, direct and adaptive slicing, Tool path generation.

UNIT V RAPID TOOLING 8

Classification: Soft tooling, Production tooling, Bridge tooling; direct and indirect – Fabrication processes, Applications. Case studies - automotive, aerospace and electronic industries.

TOTAL :45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications, second edition, Chua C.K., Leong K.F., and Lim C.S., World Scientific Publishers, 2003.
2. Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications, Peter D.Hilton, Hilton/Jacobs, Paul F.Jacobs, CRC press, 2000.

REFERENCES

1. Rapid prototyping, Andreas Gebhardt, Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.
2. Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications : A tool box for prototype development, Liou W.Liou, Frank W.Liou, CRC Press, 2007.
3. Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice, Ali K. Kamrani, Emad Abouel Nasr, Springer, 2006

**CI 9222 MECHATRONICS IN MANUFACTURING L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVE

This syllabus is formed to create knowledge in Mechatronic systems and impart the source of concepts and techniques, which have recently been applied in practical situation. It gives a framework of knowledge that allows engineers and technicians to develop an interdisciplinary understanding and integrated approach to engineering.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 5

Introduction to Mechatronics - Systems- Need for Mechatronics - Emerging area of Mechatronics - Classification of Mechatronics - Measurement Systems - Control Systems.

UNIT II SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS 12

Introduction - Performance Terminology – Potentiometers - LVDT - Capacitance sensors - Strain gauges - Eddy current sensor - Hall effect sensor - Temperature sensors - Light sensors - Selection of sensors - Signal processing.

UNIT III ACTUATORS 12

Actuators – Mechanical - Electrical - Fluid Power - Piezoelectric - Magnetostrictive - Shape memory alloy - applications - selection of actuators.

UNIT IV PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS 8

Introduction - Basic structure - Input and output processing - Programming - Mnemonics- Timers, counters and internal relays - Data handling - Selection of PLC.

